## PATENT SPECIFICATION

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## (54) DENTIFRICE COMPOSITION

(22) Filed 27 Aug. 1974

We, THE LION DENTIFRICE CO. LTD., of 3-7, Honjo 1-chome, Sumida-ku, Tokyo, Japan, a Japanese Company, do hereby declare the invention, for which we pray that a patent may be granted to us and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following statement:-This invention relates to a composition for oral use such as a dentifrice. 5 5 It is known to use flavours of various types blended with medicinal ingredients in compositions for oral use, to provide a refreshing feeling. However conventional refreshing agents impart relatively weak and transitive effects. Menthol has been most commonly used as a flavouring agent, however a relatively large amount of menthol is required for providing a satisfactory refreshing 10 10 sensation. The addition of a too large an amount of menthol causes a bitter taste. Accordingly, the amount of menthol should be limited. When propylenegiycol is used for forming a dentifrice composition together with menthol a severe bitter taste is given. Sodium  $\alpha$ -olefin sulfonates or sodium alkylsulfates are used for forming a dentifrice composition together with menthol but a severe bitter taste i5 :5 can remain and orange juice tastes bitter after use of the dentifrice. It is an object of this invention to provide dentifrice composition which impart a pleasing and long lasting refreshing sensation in the mouth. It is another object of this invention to provide dentifrice composition which promotes salivation and a refreshing feeling, and provides analgesic activity caused by local anethetic effect 20 20 whereby the oral administration such as a tooth brushing can be comfortable, even when the user suffers from toothache. According to the invention there is provided a composition for oral use such as a dentifrice, mouthwash or gargle which includes N-isobutyl-2,6,8-25 decatrienamide in a suitable base or carrier. 25 The active ingredient can be an essential oil containing N-isobutyl-2.6.3decatrienamides such as the essential oils derived from the plants Spilanthes Acmella Linne var oleaceae Clarke, Spilanthes oleracea Jacquin containing spilanthol; Erigeron Affinis D.C. containing affinine. Synthesized compounds can be used to form the active ingredient. The active 30 30 ingredients N-isobutyl-2,6,8-decatrienamide can be prepared from the abovementioned plants, by extracting the dry grass or the flower heads, which are rich in the active ingredient, with ether, then separating ether from the extracts by distillation and removing volatile components from the oleoresin residue by steam distillation. 35 35 The residue can be extracted with ethylaicohol and the insoluble impurities removed. The alcohol can then be stripped off and the product extracted with ether and then the ether stripped off and the residue saponified with 10% alcoholic potassium hydroxide so as to decompose the oil and fat impurities. The resulting alcoholic solution can then be diluted with a large amount of 40 40 water and finally extracted with ether to obtain the active ingredient. The Nisobutyl-2,6,8-decatrienamide or essential oil containing the same can be incorporated in a desirable base to form a composition for oral use such as a dentifrice, mouth-wash or gargle. It is preferable to combine N-isohutyl-2,6,8-decatrienamide with another 45 45 flavouring agent especially menthol, in an amount of 0.01-10.0% by weight especially 0.1 -5.0% by weight of the total flavouring agent. It is especially preferable to combine I part by weight of N-isobutyl-2,6,8-decatrienamide with 1-1000 parts especially 50-500 parts by weight of menthol. Peppermint essential oil can be used to provide menthol. Other flavours such 50 50

process for preparing tooth paste.

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## TABLE !

	Composition (by weight)						
Ingredient	1	2	3	1	5	6	
Calcium hydrogen phosphate	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	
Na carboxymethyl cellulose	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Na dodecenesulfonate	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	_	_	
Na laurylsulfate	-	-	-	-	2.0	2.0	
Glycerin	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	
Propyleneglycol	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	
Saccharin	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	
Menthol	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Gambir	-	0.2	-	-	-	-	
Ginger	0.2	_	-	-	0.2	0.2	
Zanthoxylum	_	-	0.2	-	_	_	
N-isobutyl-2,6,3- decatrienamide	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	
Water	q.v.	q.v.	q.v.	q.v.	q.v.	q.v.	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

The compositions 1-6 were tested by 20 panel members who were well trained.

The panel tests were conducted by a conventional sense testing method. All of the panel members felt long lasting time refreshing feeling and no bitter taste. When N-isobutyl decatrienamide is removed from the dentifrice composition, all of the panel members felt a bitter taste.

In accordance with the compositions for oral use of this invention wherein Nisobutyl-2,6,8-decatrienamides in purified essential oils of Spilanthes Acmella Linne var oleraceae Clarke and Spilanthes oleracea Jacquin, etc., are incorporated in a desirable base of the compositions for oral use, the following advantages are found.

(1) The refreshing feeling can be remarkably increased.

(2) The duration of the refreshing feeling can be remarkably prolonged.(3) When a combination of spilanthol and menthol is employed, the

characteristics of menthol can be enhanced. (4) A local anesthetic property can be provided without providing an

astringent taste during tooth brushing, thereby allowing comfortable and effective mouth washing and tooth brushing even when the user suffers from toothache. Accordingly, it can be used for a medication by a dentist.

(5) The refreshing sensation is not accompanied by any bitter taste.

(6) Salivation is promoted so that the appetite is improved. (7) No bitter taste from the combination of menthol and propyleneglycol is found.

(8) No bitter taste from the combination of menthol and sodium olefinsulfonate is found.

(9) No metallic taste is felt when gambir, ginger or zanthoxylum are combined.

Certain specific examples of this invention are hereafter given for purposes of illustration only and are not intended to be limiting. All parts and percents are 30 shown by weight.

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4	- i	1,438	3.205		4
	Flavouring compos				<u>-</u>
	Formulation:	Menthol N-isobutyl-2,6,8-	40	parts	
5		decatrienamide Anethole Carvon	0.5 10 20	15 15	5
	Elin	Methyl salicylate Ginger	20 10	73 *9	
10	Flavouring compos Formulation	ition (2):  Menthol N-isobutyl-2,6,8- decatrienamide Anethole	. 30 0.3 15	parts .	10
15		Carvon Methyl salicylate Zanthoxylum	20 30 2	** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	15
	Tooth-paste:	Exa	mple 1.		
<b>20</b>	Calcium hydrogen Na—C.M.C. Na dodecensulfor Glycerin Propyleneglycol	•	50.0% 1.0 1.5 20.0 5.0	50.0°., 1.0 1.5 20.0 5.0	2
<b>25</b>	Saccharin Flavouring Comp Flavouring Comp Water		0.1 2.0 q.v ad. 100.0	0.1 2.0 q.v. ad. 100.0	:
		Exar	mple 2.	-	
30	Tooth-paste: Insoluble Sodium Calcium hydroger Irish moss	metaphosphate	30.0% 20.0 1.3	30.0% 20.0 1.3	31
35	Liquid sorbitol Propyleneglycol Na octadecensulfo Saccharin Flavouring Comp Flavouring Comp	osition (1)	30.0 5.0 2.0 0.1 2.0	30.0 5.0 2.0 0.1	3:
40	Water	osition (2)	q.v. ad. 100.0	2.0 q.v. ad. 100.0	4
		Ехап	nple 3.		
45	Tooth-paste: Calcium carbonate Na—C.M.C. Liquid sorbitol	:	45.0% 1.2 25.0	45.0°., 1.2 25.0	4
50	Propyleneglycol Na-hexadecensulfo Saccharin Flavouring Compo		5.0 1.5 0.15 1.4	5.0 5.0 1.5 0.15	5
Flavouring Compositi Water		q.v.	1.4 q.v.	J	
			ad. 100.0	ad. 100.0	
55	The tooth pas the described refr	te of the Examples 1— eshing sensation and	-3, respectively the mild local	have a good to anesthetic pro	nste and give operty. 5

	WHAT WE CLAIM IS:—	
	1. A composition for oral use such as a dentifrice, mouthwash or gargle which	
	includes N-isobutyl-2,6,8-decatrienamide in a suitable base or carrier.	
	2. A composition as claimed in claim 1 which includes menthol.	
5	3. A composition as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2 which includes propylene-	5
	glycol.	
	4. A composition as claimed in any preceding claim which includes a sodium	
	olefinsulfonate.	
	5. A composition as claimed in any preceding claim which includes a sodium	
10	alkylsulfate.	10
	6. A composition as claimed in any preceding claim wherein the N-isobutyl-	
	2,6,8-decatrienamide is contained in at least one of the essential oils from	
	Spilanthes Acmella Linne var oleraceae Clarke, Spilanthes oleracea Jacquin and	
	Erigeron Affinis D.C.	
15	7. A composition as claimed in any preceding claim which includes 0.001—5	15
	wt.% of total weight of gambir, ginger and/or zanthoxylum.  8. A composition as claimed in any preceding claim which comprises a base,	
	0.1—5 wt.% of sodium olefinsulfonate, 0.001—5.0 wt.% of N-isobutyl-2.6.8-	
	decatrienamide and 0.01—5 wt.% of menthol.	
20	9. A composition as claimed in any preceding claim which comprises a base,	20
20	0.1—5 wt.% of sodium laurylsulfate, 0.001—5 wt.% of N-isobutyl-2,6,8-decatrien-	20
	amide and 0.01—5 wt.% of menthol.	
	10. A composition as claimed in any preceding claim in the form of a toothpaste.	
	11. A toothpaste substantially as described herein with reference to any one of	
25	the Examples.	25
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